CLASSIFICATION SEATING Approved For Release DP82-00457R0018002 REPORT NO.

25X1A2g

COUNTRY

Bulgaria

DATE DISTR. 19 August 1948

SUBJECT

Bulgarian Communist Party Resolutions on Tito-Cominform Break

NO. OF PAGES 2

PLACE ACQUIRED

DATE OF

document is hereby regraded to CONFIDENCIAL in accordance with the letter of 18 Coleber 1978 from the elicence to the Director of Control In Archivist of the United St.

NO. OF ENCLS. (LISTED BELOW)

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SUPPLEMENT TO REPORT NO.

25X1X6

1. As a result of its analysis of the conditions which have resulted from the Cominform reproof of Tito and the Macedonian situation, the Bulgarian Communist Party has passed the following resolutions:

- The Bulgarian Communist Party is convinced that Tito and his aides, especially Dimiter Vlahov, vice-president of the Yugoslav Federation, are attempting to organize a Yugoslav-Serbian Macedonia ruled by Tito by means of totalitarian force. Such a Macedonia would be contrary to the principle of an autonomous Macedonia federated with Yugoslavia as part of a Balkan Federation, a principle accepted by Bulgaria in 1914 when the new regimes in both Bulgaria and Yugoslavia agreed on this point. This resolution was sponsored by Traicho Kostov, vice-premier, Anton Tugov, Minister of Interior, Vladimir Poptomov, and others, all Macedonian leaders in the Party. A memorandum explaining and denouncing these developments was also prepared for the Bulgarian Communist Party by Poptomov, who is also editor of the Rabotnichesko Delo.
- b. The second resolution states that, in view of the situation outlined above, there can no longer be any question of the present Bulgarian Macedonia (Pirinska Makedonia .) adhering to the Tugoslav Federation as an eventual part of the present Yugoslav Macedonia.
- c. A third resolution condemns Tito's attitude toward the Cominform, toward the Soviet Union, and toward the other Communist Parties of the Balkans, and adds that the Bulgarian Communist Party feels it undesirable to participate in the Congress of the Yugoslav Communist Party to be held on 21 July 1948.
- d. A fourth resolution relates to the continued presence in Bulgaria of anti-Communist elements, Fascists, pro-Nazis, and adherents to the former Bulgarian regime, and calls for intensified activity against them, even for renewed purges of all these groups.
- e. A fifth resolution is to the effect that most of the new members of the Party have been insufficiently indoctrinated in Communist theory and practice. It calls for more rigid supervision, and for new measures which will obtain proper indoctrination by means of co aminations.



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f. The sixth resolution states that the tendency to aggrandize and glorify personalities instead of principles by demonstrations, meetings and publications is harmful, and that the reverse tendency is to be fostered.